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CHINA ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES GROUP LIMITED 中國環境資源集團有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (Stock Code: 1130)

ANNOUNCEMENT OF UNAUDITED ANNUAL RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

The board of directors (the "Board") of China Environmental Resources Group Limited (the "Company") announces the unaudited consolidated annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 30 June 2022 together with comparative figures for the year ended 30 June 2021.

For the reasons explained in the paragraph headed "Preparation and review of unaudited annual results" in this announcement, the auditing process of the annual results of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2022 has not been completed and the Company is unable to publish an audited annual results announcement that has been agreed with the Company's auditors on or before 30 September 2022.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Revenue Cost of sales	4	93,188 (72,035)	77,878
Gross profit Other income, gains and losses Administrative and operating expenses Fair value gain on investment properties Gain/(loss) arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets	6	21,153 4,065 (41,408) 	19,867 2,739 (41,210) 1,900 (8,245)
Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes in investments at fair value through profit or loss Provision for impairment loss of right-of-use assets Provision for impairment loss of intangible assets Provision for impairment loss of inventories Reversal of provision/(provision) for impairment loss of receivables		729 (2,492) (1,796) 	(4,733) (9,549) (3,800) (404) (4,152)
Loss from operations Finance costs	7	(15,878) (3,608)	(47,587) (2,469)
Loss before tax Income tax (expenses)/credit	8	(19,486)	(50,056) 1,114
Loss for the year	9	(19,527)	(48,942)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income after tax: Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(8,255)	30,913
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year, net of tax		(8,255)	30,913
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(27,782)	(18,029)

	Notes	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Loss for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(21,442)	(46,102)
Non-controlling interests		1,915	(2,840)
		(19,527)	(48,942)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(29,449)	(16,058)
Non-controlling interests		1,667	(1,971)
		(27,782)	(18,029)
Loss per share	10		
Basic (HK cents per share)		(1)	(2)
Diluted (HK cents per share)		(1)	(2)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment		7,789	7,740
Right-of-use assets		33,466	21,716
Investment properties		265,578	267,534
Biological assets		261,013	264,209
Intangible assets		80,829	89,893
Goodwill		1,087	1,087
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	13	18,160	17,203
		667,922	669,382
Current assets			
Inventories		29,630	25,264
Trade and other receivables	12	46,501	60,728
Loans receivable		12,133	12,142
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	13	961	1,129
Refundable secured deposit		11,000	12,000
Cash and cash equivalents		6,295	19,005
		106,520	130,268
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	14	33,267	32,987
Contract liabilities		4,862	6,700
Lease liabilities		2,221	10,948
Borrowings		68,215	71,787
Current tax liabilities		377	2,867
		108,942	125,289
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(2,422)	4,979
Total assets less current liabilities		665,500	674,361

	Notes	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities		48,120	26,600
Deferred tax liabilities		85,461	88,060
		133,581	114,660
NET ASSETS		531,919	559,701
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	15	40,731	40,731
Reserves	10	478,915	508,364
		510 (4(540.005
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		519,646	549,095
Non-controlling interests		12,273	10,606
TOTAL EQUITY		531,919	559,701

NOTES

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of biological assets which are carried at their fair values less costs to sell, and investment properties and investments at fair value through profit or loss which are carried at their fair values. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

2. GOING CONCERN BASIS

The Group incurred a loss attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$21,442,000 for the year ended 30 June 2022 and as at 30 June 2022 the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$2,422,000. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The directors have been undertaking the following plans and measures to improve the Group's liquidity and financial position:

- (i) An executive director who is also the chairman, chief executive officer and substantial shareholder of the Company has undertaken to provide adequate funds to enable the Group to meet its liabilities and to settle financial obligations to third parties as and when they fall due, so that the Group can continue as a going concern and carry on its business without a significant curtailment of operations for the next twelve months from 30 June 2022;
- (ii) The Group shall continue to implement measures aiming at improving the working capital and cash flows of the Group, including but not limited to the implementation of cost-saving measures to maintain adequate cash flows for the Group's operations; and
- (iii) The directors have carried out a detailed review of the cash flow forecast of the Group prepared by the management of the Company covered a period of not less than twelve months from 30 June 2022, after taking into account the impact of the above-mentioned measures. Accordingly, the directors believe that the Group will have sufficient cash resources to satisfy its future working capital and other financing requirements as and when they fall due in the next twelve months from 30 June 2022.

The directors of the Company are therefore of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis. Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to the consolidated financial statements to adjust the value of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities, respectively.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA that are relevant to its operations and effective for its accounting year beginning on 1 July 2021. HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"), Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"), and Interpretations. The adoption of these new and revised HKFRSs did not result in significant changes to the Group's accounting policies, presentation of the Group's consolidated financial statements and amounts reported for the current year and prior years.

The Group has not applied the new HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective. The application of these new HKFRSs will not have material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

4. **REVENUE**

	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Trading of recycled metals	17,514	13,117
Trading of motor vehicles and related accessories	71,016	58,495
Revenue from contracts with customers	88,530	71,612
Rental income	4,329	4,036
Loan interest income	329	2,230
Total revenue	93,188	77,878

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers for year ended 30 June 2022:

	Trading of recycled metals <i>HK\$'000</i>	Trading of motor vehicles and related accessories <i>HK\$'000</i>
Geographical markets		
The People's Republic of China (the "PRC")	_	16,234
Hong Kong	17,514	53,682
Macau	—	1,035
Taiwan		65
	17,514	71,016

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers for year ended 30 June 2021:

		Trading of
	Trading of	motor vehicles
	recycled	and related
	metals	accessories
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Geographical markets		
The PRC	—	6,015
Hong Kong	13,117	51,773
Macau	—	707
	13,117	58,495

All revenue from contracts with customers are recognised at a point in time.

Sales of goods

The Group sells recycled metals, motor vehicles and related accessories to the customers. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to a customer, there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products and the customer has obtained legal titles to the products.

Sales to customers are normally made with credit terms of 30 to 90 days. For new customers, payment in advance or cash on delivery is normally required. Deposits received are recognised as contract liabilities.

A receivable is recognised when the products are delivered to the customers as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

5. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has seven reportable segments as follows:

- (i) Trading of recycled metals
- (ii) Trading of motor vehicles and related accessories
- (iii) Property investment
- (iv) Provision of financial services
- (v) Sales of golden flower tea products
- (vi) Securities trading and investment
- (vii) Sales of plantation materials and products

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. They are managed separately because each business requires different technology and marketing strategies.

Segment profits or losses do not include finance costs and income tax credit. Segment assets do not include goodwill and refundable secured deposit. Segment liabilities do not include deferred tax liabilities and borrowings.

Information about reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

	Trading of recycled metals <i>HK\$'000</i>	Trading of motor vehicles and related accessories <i>HK\$'000</i>	Property investment <i>HK\$'000</i>	Provision of financial services <i>HK\$'000</i>	Sales of golden flower tea products <i>HK\$'000</i>	Securities trading and investment <i>HK\$'000</i>	Sales of plantation materials and products <i>HK\$</i> '000	Others HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Year ended 30 June 2022 Revenue from external customers	17,514	71,016	4,329	329					93,188
Segment (loss)/profit comprising: Gain arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological	(2,880)	8,891	3,108	(691)	(2,531)	(253)	(1,428)	(3,044)	1,172
assets	-	_	_	_	_	_	3,754	_	3,754
Depreciation and amortisation	(3,544)	(587)	(1)	_	(68)	_	(5,127)	(2,334)	(11,661)
Proceeds from disposal of listed securities	_	_	_	_	_	2,939	_	_	2,939
Costs of disposal of listed									
securities Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes in investments at fair value through profit or	_	_	_	_	_	(3,000)	_	_	(3,000)
loss Provision for impairment loss of intangible	_	957	—	-	-	(167)	_	_	790
assets Reversal of provision/ (provision) for impairment loss of	_	_	_	_	(1,796)	_	_	_	(1,796)
receivables	700	_	_	_	(583)	_	_	_	117
At 30 June 2022 Segment assets	5,406	87,199	266,327	14,022	57	1,011	342,396	38,903	755,321
Segment liabilities	2,338	14,303	6,949	401		467	1,945	48,652	75,055
Year ended 30 June 2021 Revenue from external customers	13,117	58,495	4,036	2,230					77,878
Segment (loss)/profit comprising: Loss arising from changes in fair value less costs	(2,231)	410	4,228	(2,613)	(4,099)	(585)	(13,281)	(14,027)	(32,198)
to sell of biological assets							(8,245)		(8,245)
Fair value gain on	_	_	_		_	_	(0,243)	_	(0,245)
investment properties Depreciation and	_	_	1,900	_	_	_	_	_	1,900
amortisation Net loss on fair value changes on investments at fair	(3,161)	(633)	(174)	_	(206)	_	(4,969)	(3,573)	(12,716)
value through profit or loss Provision for impairment	_	(4,166)	_	_	_	(567)	_	_	(4,733)
loss of intangible assets	_	_	_	_	(3,800)	_	_	_	(3,800)
Provision for impairment		(40.4)			X-17				
loss of inventories Provision for impairment	_	(404)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(404)
loss of receivables Provision for impairment loss of right-of-use	_	_	_	(4,152)	—	_	—	—	(4,152)
assets At 30 June 2021	_	_	_	_	—	_	—	(9,549)	(9,549)
Segment assets	7,834	108,171	268,297	14,326	2,755	1,183	352,842	23,973	779,381
Segment liabilities	3,626	18,340	7,040	1,759	170	467	1,992	33,292	66,686

Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Revenue:		
Total revenue of reportable segments	93,188	77,878
Loss:		
Total profit/(loss) of reportable segments	1,172	(32,198)
Other profit or loss:		
Finance costs	(3,608)	(2,469)
Income tax (expense)/credit	(41)	1,114
Corporate and unallocated items	(17,050)	(15,389)
Consolidated loss for the year	(19,527)	(48,942)
Assets:		
Total assets of reportable segments	755,321	779,381
Goodwill	1,087	1,087
Refundable secured deposit	11,000	12,000
Corporate and unallocated assets	7,034	7,182
Consolidated total assets	774,442	799,650
Liabilities:		
Total liabilities of reportable segments	75,055	66,686
Deferred tax liabilities	85,461	88,060
Borrowings	68,215	71,787
Corporate and unallocated liabilities	13,792	13,416
Consolidated total liabilities	242,523	239,949

Geographical information:

	Revenue		Non-curr	ent assets
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
The PRC	16,234	6,015	416,068	430,333
Hong Kong	75,853	71,156	214,711	218,323
Macau	1,035	707	—	
Taiwan	66		—	
Nepal			37,143	20,726
	93,188	77,878	667,922	669,382

In presenting the geographical information, revenue is based on the locations of the customers.

Revenue from major customers:

	2022	2021
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Trading of motor vehicles and related accessories		
Customer A	38,959	41,433

Revenue from the above customer individually contributed more than 10% of the total revenue of the Group.

6. OTHER INCOME, GAINS AND LOSSES

	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Sponsor income	1,156	1,049
Government subsidy	538	1,233
Gain on waiver of lease liabilities	2,578	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(181)	(81)
Others	(26)	538
	4,065	2,739

7. FINANCE COSTS

8.

	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Interest on bank loans	1,737	1,175
Interest on other loan	—	160
Lease interests	1,871	1,134
	3,608	2,469
. INCOME TAX EXPENSES/(CREDIT)		
	2022	2021

	HK\$'000 (Unaudited)	<i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Current tax — Hong Kong Profits Tax		
Provision for the year	179	1,371
(Over)/under-provision in prior years	(10)	791
	169	2,162
Current tax — PRC Enterprise Income Tax	204	17
Deferred tax	(332)	(3,293)
Income tax expenses/(credit)	41	(1,114)

Under the two-tiered Profits Tax regime, the first HK² million of profits of the qualifying group entity established in Hong Kong will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above that amount will be subject to the tax rate of 16.5%. The profits of the group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered Profit Tax rate regime will continue to be taxed at a rate of 16.5%.

Profits of the group entities established in the PRC will be taxed at the PRC Enterprise Income Tax rate of 25% (2021: 25%).

Tax charge on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretation and practices in respect thereof.

Reconciliation between income tax expenses/(credit) and the product of loss before tax multiplied by the PRC Enterprise Income Tax rate is as follows:

	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Loss before tax	(19,486)	(50,056)
Tax calculated at applicable tax rate of 25%		
(2021: 25%)	(4,872)	(12,514)
Effect of different tax rates of the subsidiaries	1,360	1,796
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible	2,958	4,734
Tax effect of income that are not taxable	(379)	(518)
Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised	(163)	726
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised	(27)	(8)
Tax reduction	(926)	(293)
(Over)/under-provision in prior years	(10)	791
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	2,100	4,172
Income tax expenses/(credit)	41	(1,114)

9. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

The Group's loss for the year is stated at after charging the following:

	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Amortisation of intangible assets	5,151	5,133
Auditor's remuneration	980	1,000
Depreciation	7,791	9,308
Loss on disposals of property, plant and equipment	181	81
Expenses related to short-term leases	630	1,604
Staff costs (including directors' remuneration):		
- salaries, bonuses and allowances	12,969	13,249
- retirement benefit scheme contributions	320	347
	13,289	13,596

During the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021, the Group had no forfeited contribution under defined contribution retirement schemes utilised to reduce the existing levels of contributions. As at 30 June 2022 and 2021, there was no forfeited contribution under defined contribution retirement schemes which may be used by the Group to reduce the contribution payable in the future years.

10. LOSS PER SHARE

Basic loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$21,442,000 (2021: HK\$46,102,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 2,036,538,114 (2021: 2,036,538,114) in issue during the year.

Diluted loss per share

The effects of all potential ordinary shares are anti-dilutive for the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021.

11. DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend or declare the payment of any dividend in respect of the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021.

12. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Trade receivables Less: provision for impairment loss of	33,369	39,806
trade receivables	(8,231)	(8,062)
	25,138	31,744
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Less: provision for impairment loss of prepayments,	22,059	29,984
deposits and other receivables	(696)	(1,000)
	21,363	28,984
Total	46,501	60,728

The Group's trading terms with customers are mainly on credit. The credit terms generally range from 30 to 90 (2021: 30 to 90) days. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. For new customers, payment in advance or cash on delivery is normally required. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by the directors.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables, based on the invoice date, and net of allowance, is as follows:

	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
0–90 days 91–180 days 181–360 days	17,169 5,317 114	17,262 11,229 1,835
Over 360 days	2,538 25,138	1,418 31,744

The movement in provision for impairment of trade receivables is as follows:

	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Balance at beginning of year	8,062	8,062
Impairment loss recognised	175	—
Exchange differences	(6)	
Balance at end of year	8,231	8,062

Impaired trade receivables were mainly due from customers with long outstanding balances and the management of the Group considered the recoverability is remote as the related customers were in financial difficulties or have prolonged delay in repayment. The Group did not hold any material collateral over those balances.

The movement in provision for impairment of prepayments, deposits and other receivables is as follows:

	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Balance at beginning of year	1,000	1,000
Impairment loss recognised Reversal of impairment loss	408 (700)	
Exchange differences	(12)	
Balance at end of year	696	1,000

The Group applies the simplified approach under HKFRS 9 to provide for expected credit losses using the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected credit losses also incorporate forward looking information.

	Current	1–90 days past due	91–180 days past due	181–360 days past due	Over 360 days past due	Total
At 30 June 2022						
Weighted average expected loss rate	0%	0%	0%	0%	77%	
Receivable amount (HK\$'000)	17,169	5,305	56	106	10,733	33,369
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)					(8,231)	(8,231)
At 30 June 2021						
Weighted average expected loss rate	0%	0%	0%	0%	90%	
Receivable amount (HK\$'000)	17,262	11,128	668	1,816	8,932	39,806
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)					(8,062)	(8,062)

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers who have no recent history of default and have kept good track records with the Group. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. Based on past experience, the management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there are no significant change in their respective credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

13. INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong, at fair value Unlisted investment — keyman insurance contract	961 18,160	1,129 17,203
	19,121	18,332

The fair value of the listed equity securities was determined based on the quoted market bid prices of the corresponding listed equity securities.

The keyman insurance contract relates to an insurance policy insured for Mr. Yeung Chi Hang, the chief executive officer and an executive director of the Company. The keyman insurance contract is denominated in US dollars. The fair value of the keyman insurance contract was estimated by making reference to the cash surrender value set out in the policy statement provided by the insurance company.

As at 30 June 2022, the keyman insurance contract with carrying amount of approximately HK\$18,160,000 (2021: HK\$17,203,000) was pledged to a bank to secure banking facilities available to the Group.

14. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
Trade payables Other payables and accruals	9,121 24,146	9,571 23,416
	33,267	32,987

The ageing analysis of trade payables, based on the date of receipt of goods, is as follows:

	2022 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Unaudited)	2021 <i>HK\$'000</i> (Audited)
0–90 days	9,012	9,053
91–180 days	—	267
181–360 days	1	23
Over 360 days	108	228
	9,121	9,571
SHARE CAPITAL		
	2022	2021
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Authorised:		

15.

15,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each	300,000	300,000
Issued and fully paid: 2,036,538,114 (2021: 2,036,538,114) ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each	40,731	40,731

BUSINESS AND OPERATION REVIEW

The Group is currently engaged in metal recycle business, motor and motor accessories business, car parking spaces rental, money lending business and securities trading and investment business. The Group also maintains the green businesses of research, development and application of technologies and solutions, manufacture, sale and trading of products, materials, systems and services for green market segments including the environmental markets, agricultural markets, organic markets and green technology markets in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and overseas. The Group is developing a hotel business in Nepal.

The Group has been continuing to explore new business opportunities for corporate development and dedicates to develop sustainable current business.

Investment Properties

The Group holds two investment properties located at PRC and Hong Kong respectively.

In PRC

The Company holds 80% interest of an investment property in PRC which are industrial properties with land lot numbers of 1914130300339 and 1914130300340, located at Longchuanzhou, Renzhou Village, Shatian, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province. The industrial properties comprise two parcels of land with a site area of about 72,335.99 sq.m (or about 778,624.6 sq.ft.) and various buildings and ancillary structures erected thereon. The property has a total gross floor area of approximately 28,814.66 sq.m (or about 310,161.00 sq.ft.). The land use rights of the property have been granted for various terms expiring on 15 February 2044 and expiring on 10 May 2044 for industrial use. No business activity is engaged at the industrial properties.

The Group considers that the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area development will support economic development of the Dongguan City as an international trade hub in Southern China.

Planning to the best usage or redevelopment of the industrial properties had been delayed because of publication of a new town zoning plan by the Dongguan government authority. Under the new zoning plan a new highway was being mapped and part of the land of the industrial properties would be used as or affected by an exit and its connected roads from the highway for Shatian Town. The Group had petitioned to the Dongguan City government authorities requesting amendments to the plan to save the industrial properties from being affected. The Dongguan City government authorities have not yet concluded our petition and the Group will closely monitor the development and work on the best possible solution in the circumstances.

The recent announcement by the PRC central government to expand the Qianhai Shenzhen-Hong Kong Modern Service Industry Cooperation Zone from 14.9 square kilometres to 120.6 square kilometres and deepening the cooperation between Shenzhen and Hong Kong is a positive news for the industrial properties because of their proximity to Qianhai. Together with the news of a new cooperation zone for Macau with neighbouring Hengqin, both seen as renewed commitment of the central government to push ahead with its Greater Bay Area ambitions, the industrial properties are expected to maintain their value despite the recent downturn of the real estate market in the PRC.

In Hong Kong

The Group holds 100% interest of a Hong Kong investment property which comprises 95 car parking spaces at Inland Lot No. 1301 where 72 car parking spaces are located at 2nd Floor to 4th Floor of Harbour View Garden and 23 car parking spaces are located at 3th Floor, Tower III, Harbour View Garden, No. 2 Catchick Street, Hong Kong.

The car parking spaces are held under Government Lease for a term of 999 years commencing on 24 June 1892 and are leased out for parking fee income.

The car parking spaces continued to provide a stable revenue and cash flow to the Group. For the year ended 30 June 2022, rental income increased to approximately HK\$4,329,000 (2021: approximately HK\$4,036,000).

Biological Assets

By way of a forestry management and undertaking agreement, the Group through its wholly-owned subsidiary acquired timber cutting right over a plantation land of approximately 30,000 mu (Chinese Mu) in Shihezi City, Xinjiang (the "Plantation Land") for a period of 30 years commencing on 1 July 2008.

As at 30 June 2022, the fair value of the poplar trees of biological assets of the Group decreased to approximately HK\$261,013,000 (2021: approximately HK\$264,209,000), which is attributable to the fluctuation in exchange rate between RMB and HK\$. The actual fair value of poplar tree of biological assets in RMB as at 30 June 2022 amounted to approximately RMB222,831,000 (2021: approximately RMB219,727,000). The Group considers that such fair value change is non-cash in nature and will not have effect on the cash flow and business operation of the Group.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2022, the Group recognised aggregate net losses arising from the major non-current assets of approximately HK\$5,685,000 (2021: approximately HK\$26,727,000). This represents the combined effect of the amortisation and impairment loss of intangible assets, the gain (2021: loss) arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets and provision for impairment loss of right-of-use assets.

Plantation Sales Business

Source of the plantation sales business is the poplar trees at the Plantation Land. There was no timber cutting activity and, hence, for the year ended 30 June 2022, there was no revenue generated from the plantation sales business (2021: Nil).

The Group is working prudently to find the best possible use of the biological assets and will cautiously evaluate the actual economic return after knowing the harvest quota available alongside with comprehensive analysis of all risks and uncertain factors before making any investment decision.

Metal Recycle Business

For the year ended 30 June 2022, the Group recorded a slight increase in revenue from metal recycle business with total of approximately HK\$17,514,000 (2021: approximately HK\$13,117,000).

With the relaxation of domestic precaution policy for COVID-19, there were signs of a gradual pick up of local economic activities. Construction works have been gradually resumed. According to the publication of the Census and Statistics Department, the gross value of construction works performed in the first quarter of 2022 compared in real term over a year earlier was down by 9.8% at the private sector but up 12.2% at public sector. However, the steel PMI Index of China continued to decline under the tightened Epidemic Prevention Policy of COVID-19 and caused huge pressure on recycled metal price. Asia scrap prices are expected to remain under downward pressures and demand, both of which hinge on PRC's steel demand. There are quite a few negative factors hanging over the PRC market. Our metal recycle business is facing both source and sale issues. It may take much efforts and time before it be able to return to its normality of year 2019 level.

Motor and Motor Accessories Business

The business has two segments, sale of super car "BAC MONO", high end used cars and motorcycle "Norton" and sale of motor accessories of mainly prestige "Pirelli" motorcycle tyres, "Öhlins" vibes absorbers, "SBS" brake solutions and "Sprint Filter" air filters.

We were able to have a 21% increase in revenue. Reasons being that we maintained a relatively stable performance on motor accessories sales and we were able to complete some delivery orders of "BAC MONO" to customers after its United Kingdom manufacturer resumed production after lifting of COVID-19 lockdown.

For the year ended 30 June 2022, revenue from motor and motor accessories business slightly increased to approximately HK\$71,016,000 (2021: approximately HK\$58,495,000).

Money Lending Business

The Group operates money lending business through a wholly owned subsidiary, which is a holder of money lender's license under the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Group has adopted money lending policies and procedures for handling and/or monitoring the money lending business in compliance with the Money Lenders Ordinance.

During the year, the Group recorded loan interest income of approximately HK\$329,000 (2021: approximately HK\$2,230,000) from loans granted to both corporate and individual clients, representing a relatively down trend operation of the money lending segment. The outstanding principal amount of loan receivables as at 30 June 2022 was approximately HK\$9,802,000 (2021: approximately HK\$9,837,000). During the year, no provision for impairment loss of loan receivables (2021: approximately HK\$4,033,000) was considered necessary in the application of HKFRS 9 by the Group.

Securities Trading and Investment Business

The Group maintained a very cautious approach and did not participate in new securities trading during the year. Performance of the prices of the invested stocks were down. As at 30 June 2022, size of the securities investment portfolio amounted to approximately HK\$961,000 (2021: approximately HK\$1,129,000).

For the year ended 30 June 2022, the Group recorded a net loss on fair value changes on investments at fair value through profit or loss of the invested stocks of approximately HK\$167,000 (2021: approximately HK\$567,000).

Details of the Group's investments at fair value through profit or loss of the invested stocks are set out in the sub-section headed "Significant Investments".

Green Technology

There was no revenue on the green technology for the year (2021: Nil).

Golden Flower Tea Products

For the year ended 30 June 2022, the Group did not record revenue from the sale of golden flower tea (2021: Nil).

PROSPECTS

The COVID-19 pandemic continues affecting many countries worldwide. The latest confirmed cases number is approaching 617 million (2021: 220 million) with death toll exceeding 6.5 million (2021: 4.5 million). The figures reflect a picture that the infected cases increased by 200% but the death toll increased only 45%. They demonstrate a trend that the mutated viruses are more infectious but much less fatal. According to World Health Organisation Director General that we had never been in a better position to end the pandemic although we were not there, the end was in sight. This assessment is the most positive outlook the United Nations agency has had since it declared an international emergency in January 2020, followed by naming COVID a pandemic in March of that year.

There are only very few countries still adopting vaccination, containment and movement restriction to tackle the viruses. Most of the countries have liberated from containment and restrictive measures with living and economic activities back to normal or, at least, working towards that direction. PRC, Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan are those few countries or areas which maintain vaccination, PCR tests, containment and restrictive measures. As such, we are still undergoing the pains and inconvenience both in livings and business.

Hong Kong's economy contracted 1.3% year-on-year in real term in the second quarter of 2022, after a decrease of 3.9% in the first quarter of 2022. Considering the worsenthan-expected economic performance in the first half and sharp deterioration of global economic prospects, the government forecasted Hong Kong's real GDP growth for 2022 is between -0.5% to 0.5%. Every reported and estimated economy indicating figures, be those officially or private institutions, predict that the Hong Kong economy will shrink again this year, the third contraction since 2019, heightening the risks of enduring economy scarring. Lingering COVID-19 measures, both in PRC and Hong Kong, pose risks to long term competitiveness and investment.

Continuous raise of interest rate by the federal reserve of the United States to control the inflation rate have resulted in a strong US dollars. The federal funds rate is currently 3% to 3.25% and a more hawkish stance is expected to be maintained. Many financial analysts have predicted that interest rates would reach 4% by December and stay high through 2023. Strong US dollars and high interest rates will put Hong Kong in an embarrassing situation because Hong Kong inflation remains low and does not require these measures to tackle her inflation or slow economy situation but is likely being forced to follow, even at a slow pace, because of the linked exchange rate system. Not only it limits financial means of Hong Kong to boost her economy, higher costs in borrowing will be detrimental to economic activities.

Hong Kong has her new Chief Executive and his new group of secretaries since 1 July 2022. There has yet to be seen how these new administrators take decisive measures to restore tourism and international competitiveness to the city.

The Russian-Ukraine conflict has triggered not only political turmoil but also that in the financial markets, and drastically increased uncertainty about recovery of the global economy which desperate to regain its momentum ever since the outbreak of the COVID pandemic in 2020. Higher commodity prices intensify the threat of long-lasting high inflation which increases risks of stagnation and social unrest. Russia is the world's largest wheat exporter, the second natural gas producer, the third oil producer and the top five producers of steel, nickel and aluminium. Ukraine is a key producer of corn (6th largest), wheat (7th), sunflower (1st) and is amongst the top ten producers for sugar beet, soya and rapeseed. Escalation of the conflict increases the likelihood that commodity prices will remain higher for much longer. While Russia and Ukraine are definitely in great difficulty in 2022 and European economies are the most at risk, no region will be spared by imported inflation and global trade disruptions. In Asia-Pacific, the impact has been felt almost immediately through higher import prices, particularly in energy prices, with many economies in the region being energy importers. Also, the future grimy economy outlook discourages spending sentiments.

The Group's plan to expand the motor accessories sales business into PRC has yet to be materialised because of the COVID-19 measures at PRC and cross boarder quarantine measures.

The hotel business at Kathmandu, Nepal has commenced with its soft opening begun at July 2022. Only 28 rooms out of 40 are now in trial operation. Logistics from PRC have yet to wait for the re-opening of boarder control between the two countries which has been closed because of COVID pandemic. We expect to take about one month to have full operation of the 40 rooms. Of the F&B outlets, the Japanese restaurant with capacity of serving 40 guests at one time and lobby lounge with capacity of serving 20 guests are being tested and started trail run internally. Sufficient manpower will only be able to materialised in mid-October cause the Dashain festival, which is the most important local festival similarly to Chinese lunar new year, starts on 26 September through to 5 October and the employment market will not be functional. The Chinese restaurant with capacity of serving 100 guests at one time has not been operational. Reason being there is no good local Chinese food cooks and we are sourcing Chinese cooks at PRC. PRC nationals are being discouraged to travel or work abroad. We have used much efforts and hopefully things can be worked out in a month time.

The world's economy is entering into a difficult era. The Group will be cautious and sensitive in all fronts. And will maintain a conservative approach in new investment with more attention be made on bettering existing viable business.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the year ended 30 June 2022, revenue of the Group increased by 19.7% to approximately HK\$93,188,000 (2021: approximately HK\$77,878,000) and gross profit of the Group increased by 6.5% to approximately HK\$21,153,000 (2021: approximately HK\$19,867,000). Loss for the year ended 30 June 2022 decreased to approximately HK\$19,527,000 as compared to loss of approximately HK\$48,942,000 of last corresponding year. The increase in revenue was mainly due to the increase in revenue of recycled material trading business, motor and motor accessories business and investment properties in Hong Kong. The gross profit for the year was mainly due to administrative and operating expenses, provision for impairment loss of intangible assets, provision for impairment loss of right-of-use assets and finance cost. The Group considers that the change in fair value is non-cash in nature and will not have material adverse effect on the financial position of the Group.

For the year ended 30 June 2022, basic and diluted loss per share were HK1 cents (2021: HK2 cents). Gain arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets was approximately HK\$3,754,000 (2021: loss approximately HK\$8,245,000). No fair value gain on investment properties was recorded for year ended 30 June 2022 (2021: approximately HK\$1,900,000).

For the year ended 30 June 2022, the finance costs were approximately HK\$3,608,000 (2021: approximately HK\$2,469,000). Administrative expenses from operations for the year ended 30 June 2022 increased to approximately HK\$41,408,000 (2021: approximately HK\$41,210,000). It included major items such as amortisation of intangible assets of approximately HK\$5,151,000, salaries and directors' emoluments of approximately HK\$13,289,000 and expenses related to short-term leases of approximately HK\$630,000. Income tax expenses was recorded at approximately HK\$41,000 (2021: credit approximately HK\$1,114,000). Exchange loss on translating foreign operations was recorded at approximately HK\$8,255,000 (2021: gain approximately HK\$30,913,000).

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 30 June 2022, the total assets of the Group were approximately HK\$774,442,000 (2021: approximately HK\$799,650,000), including cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$6,295,000 (2021: approximately HK\$19,005,000).

The Group's total borrowings as at 30 June 2022 were approximately HK\$68,215,000 (2021: approximately HK\$71,787,000). The Group's gearing ratio (which was expressed as a percentage of total borrowings over total equity) was approximately 12.8% as at 30 June 2022 (2021: approximately 12.8%).

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's net assets amounted to approximately HK\$531,919,000 (2021: approximately HK\$559,701,000).

The directors of the Company are of the view that the Group has sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due in the foreseeable future.

Significant Investments

As at 30 June 2022, the Group held investments at fair value through profit or loss of the invested stocks of approximately HK\$961,000. Details of the significant investments are as follows:

Stock Name	Note	Stock Code	Place of incorporation	Net unrealized losses on listed securities <i>HK\$'000</i>	Market value <i>HK\$'000</i>	Approximate percentage of investments at fair value through profit or loss %	the net assets
China Fortune Financial Group Ltd	1	290	Cayman Islands	23	299	31.1	0.06
Dingyi Group Investment Ltd	2	508	Bermuda	14	118	12.3	0.02
Wai Chun Group Holdings Ltd	3	1013	Bermuda	99	269	28.0	0.05
Hang Sang (Siu Po) International Holding Co Ltd	4	3626	Cayman Islands	31	275	28.6	0.05
				167	961	100	0.18

Notes:

- 1. China Fortune Financial Group Ltd is a Hong Kong-based investment holding company principally engaged in securities brokerage and margin financing. The Company operates its business through five segments. The Securities Brokerage and Margin Financing segment is engaged in securities brokerage and margin financing in Hong Kong. The Money Lending segment is engaged in the provision of money lending services in Hong Kong. The Corporate Finance segment is engaged in the provision of corporate finance services. The Asset Management segment is engaged in the provision of asset management and advisory services and financial investment management to professional investors. The Consultancy and Insurance Brokerage segment is engaged in the provision of consultancy services and insurance brokerage services in Hong Kong. No dividend was received for the year ended 30 June 2022. According to its latest published financial statements, it had a net asset value of approximately HK\$247,859,000 as at 31 March 2022.
- 2. Dingyi Group Investment Limited is an investment holding company principally engaged in the business of loan financing. Together with its subsidiaries, the Company operates business through its five segments. The Loan Financing Business segment is involved in the loan financing through its surplus funds. The Properties Development Business segment is involved in the construction and sale of properties. The Food and Beverages Business segment is involved in the operation of a restaurant in Beijing, China. The Securities Trading Business segment is involved in the investment of securities trading business. Together with the Other Business segment. In addition, the Company is also involved in the trading of wine. No dividend was received for the year ended 30 June 2022. According to its latest published financial statements, it had a net asset value of approximately HK\$1,474,595,000 as at 31 March 2022.

- 3. Wai Chun Group Holdings Limited is an investment holding company mainly engaged in the sale of mobile phones and electronic components. Along with subsidiaries, the Company operates its business through three segments. The General Trading segment is engaged in the distribution of mobile phones and electronic components. The Service Income segment is involved in the design, consultation and manufacturing of information system software and provides related management training services. The Sales and Integrated Services segment is engaged in the sale of computer and communication systems and provides related integration services. In addition, the Company also provides telecommunications infrastructure solution services. No dividend was received for the year ended 30 June 2022. According to its latest published financial statements, it had net liabilities of approximately HK\$184,100,000 as at 31 March 2022.
- 4. Hang Sang (Siu Po) International Holding Company Limited is an investment holding company. The Company is principally engaged in the manufacturing and sale of apparel labels and packaging printing products. The Company's products include hangtags, size tapes, labels, such as woven labels, heat transfer labels and printed labels, header cards, stickers, price tickets, plastic packaging bags and packaging boxes. Its subsidiaries include Hang Sang (Siu Po) Holding Limited, Hang Sang (Siu Po) Press Company Limited and A W Printing & Packaging Limited. No dividend income was received for the year ended 30 June 2022. According to its latest published financial statements, it had a net asset value of approximately HK\$72,966,000 as at 31 December 2021.

EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had 60 (2021: 39) employees. The Group implements remuneration policy, bonus and share option scheme to ensure that pay scales of its employees are rewarded on a performance related basis within the general framework of the Group's remuneration.

CHARGES ON THE GROUP ASSETS

As at 30 June 2022, the bank loans of approximately HK\$67,657,000 were secured by (i) the car parking spaces with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$191,900,000; (ii) a deed of assignment of rental income from the car parking spaces; (iii) the keyman insurance contract classified under the investments at fair value through profit or loss with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$18,160,000; and (iv) personal guarantee from a director of the Company.

DIVIDEND

The directors of the Company do not recommend or declare the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2022 (2021: Nil).

EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATES

Most of the transactions, income and expenditure of the Group are denominated in United States dollar ("USD") and Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$").

Since HK\$ remains pegged to USD, the Group does not foresee a substantial exposure in exchange rate.

No hedging or other arrangements to reduce the currency risk have been implemented.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 30 June 2022, the directors of the Company are not aware of any material contingent liabilities.

COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules for the year ended 30 June 2022, except the followings:

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code provides that the roles of chairman of the board and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. This code provision also stipulate, inter alia, the role and responsibility of the chairman of the board and the chief executive.

Mr. Yeung Chi Hang was appointed as chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company on 27 January 2015. Thereafter, Mr. Yeung Chi Hang has assumed both roles. The directors were of the view that the vesting of the roles of chairman of the Board and chief executive officer in the same person can provide the Group with strong and consistent leadership and allow for more effective planning and execution of long-term business strategies, as well as ensuring effective oversight of management. The directors were also of the view that the present structure was considered to be appropriate under the circumstances of the Company. The Board would keep review of its current board structure from time to time.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transaction by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the Company's Code of Conduct regarding director's securities transactions.

Having made specific enquiry, all directors of the Company confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 30 June 2022.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Board has established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") with the term of references in accordance with the Listing Rules. The Audit Committee currently comprises three independent non-executive directors, namely, Mr. Ong Chi King (Chairman), Mr. Wong Kwai Sang and Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric. Mr. Ong Chi King has appropriate accounting and related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules.

The Audit Committee has reviewed the unaudited consolidated annual results of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2022.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

PREPARATION AND REVIEW OF UNAUDITED ANNUAL RESULTS

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited (the "Auditors") has been re-appointed as auditors of the Company at the last annual general meeting of the Company for conducting an audit on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2022.

As announced by the Company on 20 September 2022, the audit progress and procedures of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2022 have been disrupted due to the outbreak of novel coronavirus disease epidemic, in particular, the impact of restrictions in force in Shihezi City, Xinjiang, the PRC, where the biological assets (the "Biological Assets") of the Group planted at the plantation land (the "Plantation Land"), one of the major assets of the Group, is located.

The relevant region (the "Relevant Region") in Shihezi City where the Plantation Land is located has been subject to full lockdown since late July 2022, resulting in the practical constraints for the independent professional parties including the surveyor and Auditors to travel to the Relevant Region for, among others, conducting physical inspection and performing sampling for the purpose of independent valuation on the Biological Assets. Accordingly, in the absence of survey report to be compiled by the surveyor, the valuer of the Group is unable to carry out the valuation work and determine the fair value of the Biological Assets. As a result, the Auditors are unable to carry out the audit procedures including but not limited to the due diligence work and the assessment on the relevant figures relating to the Biological Assets such as the fair value change of the Biological Assets and impairment assessment of relevant intangible assets. In light of the above, the Auditors require additional time for conducting and completing the audit work and the Company was unable to complete the audit of the Group's annual results for the year ended 30 June 2022 on or before 30 September 2022 in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules. As confirmed by the Auditors, save as disclosed herein, there is no other material outstanding audit issue as at the date of this announcement.

The unaudited consolidated annual results for the year ended 30 June 2022 presented herein have not been agreed with the Auditors. As the valuation and audit procedures as mentioned above have not been completed as at the date of this announcement, the financial information including the relevant figures relating to the Biological Assets such as changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets, impairment assessment of relevant intangible assets and deferred tax liabilities as contained in this announcement is uncertain and may be subject to adjustments. Such adjustments, if any, may or may not have material impact on the financial performance and positions of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2022.

FURTHER ANNOUNCEMENT(S)

Following the completion of the auditing process, the Company is expected to issue further announcement(s) and annual report of the Company on or before 30 November 2022 in relation to (i) the audited annual results for the year ended 30 June 2022 as agreed by the Auditors and the material variances (if any) as compared with the unaudited annual results contained herein; (ii) the proposed date on which the forthcoming annual general meeting will be held; and (iii) the period during which the register of members of the Company will be closed for the purpose of determining the entitlement of the shareholders of the Company to attend and vote at the annual general meeting. In addition, the Company will issue further announcement as and when necessary if there are other material developments in the completion of the auditing process.

The financial information contained in this announcement in respect of the annual results of the Group has not been audited and has not been agreed with the Auditors, and is subject to adjustments. Shareholders and potential investors of the Company are advised to exercise caution when dealing in the securities of the Company.

> By Order of the Board China Environmental Resources Group Limited Yeung Chi Hang Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 30 September 2022

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises five executive directors, namely, Mr. Yeung Chi Hang, Mr. Leung Kwong Choi, Mr. Wong Po Keung, Mr. Chung Siu Wah and Mr. Chik To Pan; and three independent non-executive directors namely Mr. Wong Kwai Sang, Mr. Ong Chi King and Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric.